Force-Play-Slide Rule

SECTION 4. The intent of the force-play-slide rule is to ensure the safety of all players. This is a safety as well as an interference rule. Whether the defense could have completed the double play has no bearing on the applicability of this rule. This rule pertains to a force-play situation at any base, regardless of the number of outs.

- a. On any force play, the runner must slide on the ground before the base and in a direct line between the two bases. It is permissible for the slider's momentum to carry him through the base in the baseline extended (see diagram).
 - Exception—A runner need not slide directly into a base as long as the runner slides or runs in a direction away from the fielder to avoid making contact or altering the play of the fielder. Interference shall not be called.
 - (1) "On the ground" means either a head-first slide or a slide with one leg and buttock on the ground before the base.
 - (2) "Directly into a base" means the runner's entire body (feet, legs, trunk and arms) must stay in a straight line between the bases.
- b. Contact with a fielder is legal and interference shall not be called if the runner makes a legal slide directly to the base and in the baseline extended (see diagram).
 - A.R.—If contact occurs on top of the base as a result of a "pop-up" slide, this contact is legal.
- c. Actions by a runner are illegal and interference shall be called if:
 - (1) The runner slides or runs out of the base line in the direction of the fielder and alters the play of a fielder (with or without contact);
 - (2) The runner uses a rolling or cross-body slide and either makes contact with or alters the play of a fielder;
 - (3) The runner's raised leg makes contact higher than the fielder's knee when in a standing position;
 - (4) The runner slashes or kicks the fielder with either leg; or
 - (5) The runner illegally slides toward or contacts the fielder even if the fielder makes no attempt to throw to complete a play.
- PENALTY for 1-5—(1) With less than two outs, the batter-runner, as well as the interfering runner, shall be declared out and no other runner(s) shall advance.
 - (2) With two outs, the interfering runner shall be declared out and no other runner(s) shall advance.
 - (3) If the runner's slide or collision is flagrant, the runner shall be ejected from the contest.

A.R.—If the bases are loaded with no outs, a double-play attempt is made, and interference is called, all other runners must return to their original bases.

Note: On a force play, with a two-man umpiring system, if the plate umpire does not have a potential play at the plate, he should move toward the base to observe the runner going into second or third base. In this situation, the